#### Sensory Contributions to Young Children's Social-Emotional Development

#### April 22, 2019



### TTAC

The New York City Training and Technical Assistance Center (TTAC), funded through ThriveNYC, in partnership with the NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DOHMH).

TTAC is a partnership between the New York Center for Child Development (NYCCD) and the McSilver Institute on Poverty, Policy and Research

TTAC is tasked with building capacity and competencies of mental health professionals and early childhood professionals in family serving systems to identify and address the social-emotional needs of young children and their families across NYC.

http://www.TTACny.org

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Anzalone, March 2016







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# What is Sensory Integration

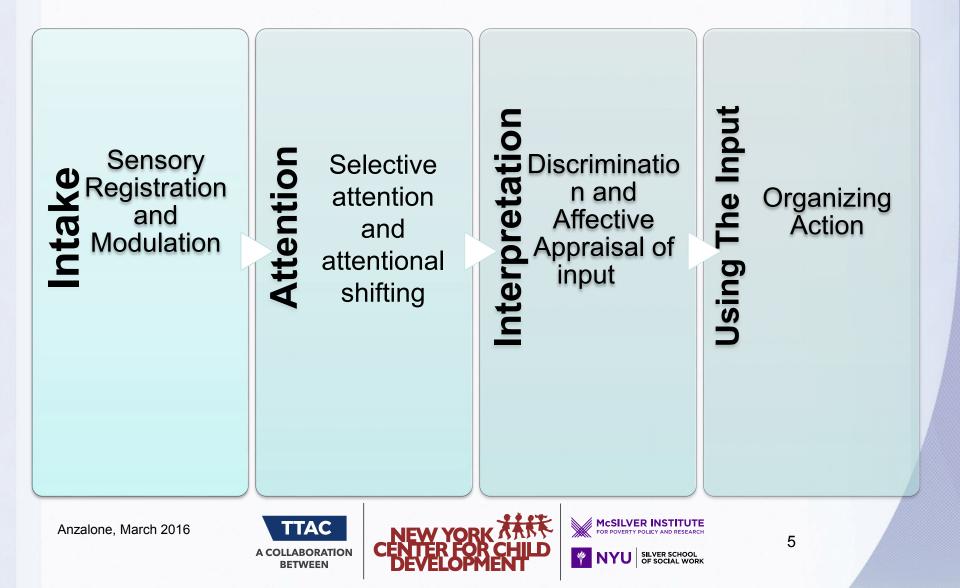
- SI is the organization of sensory information for use...
  - A process that occurs in all of us
  - A way of understanding individual differences and dysfunction (SPD)
  - A method of intervention







# The Process of Sensory Integration



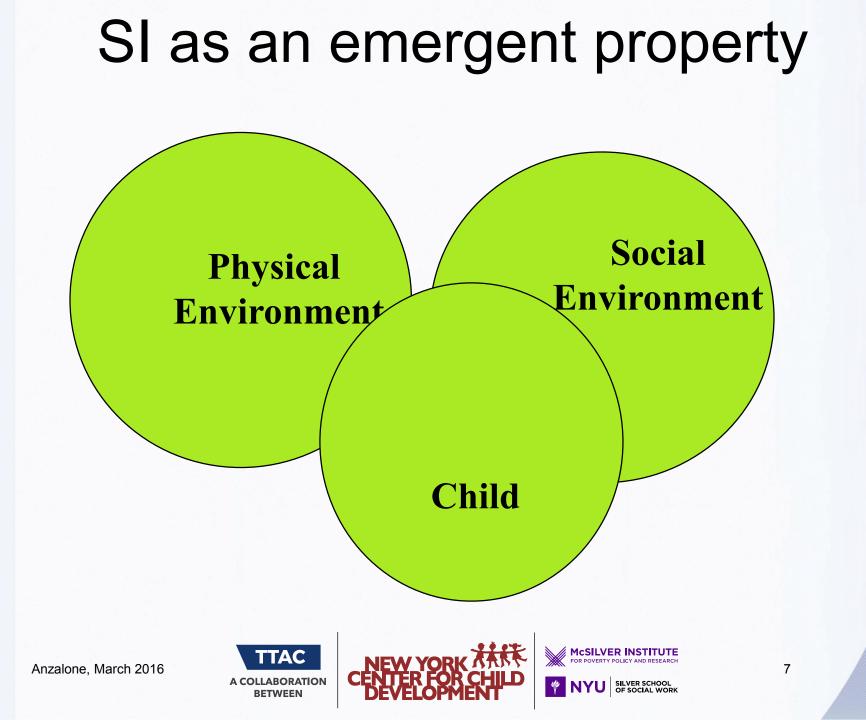
# **Understanding Sensation**

- Modalities
- Intensity
- Duration









# **Understanding SI in Context**

- Arousal
- Attention
- Affect
- Action







# **Sensory Processing Disorder**

- Intake
  - Sensory Modulation Disorder
- Interpretation
  - Discrimination or Perceptual Deficit
- Using Input
  - Sensory Based Motor Disorder (dyspraxia)







# Focus on Sensory Modulation Disorder (SMD)







# Sensory Modulation

The ability to grade responsivity and reactivity to sensation

Response is consistent with perceived intensity of stimulus





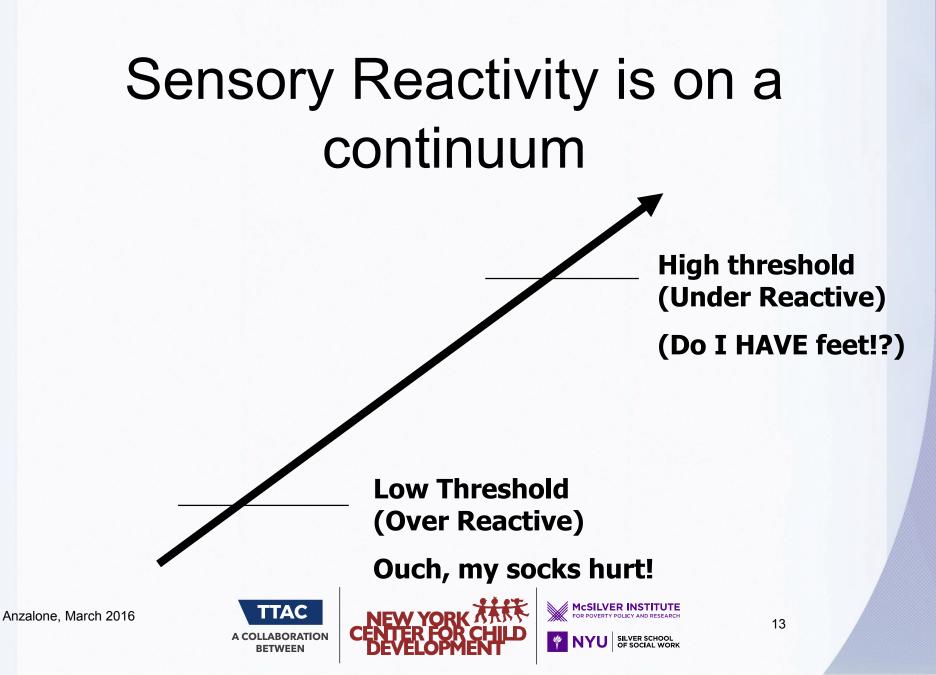


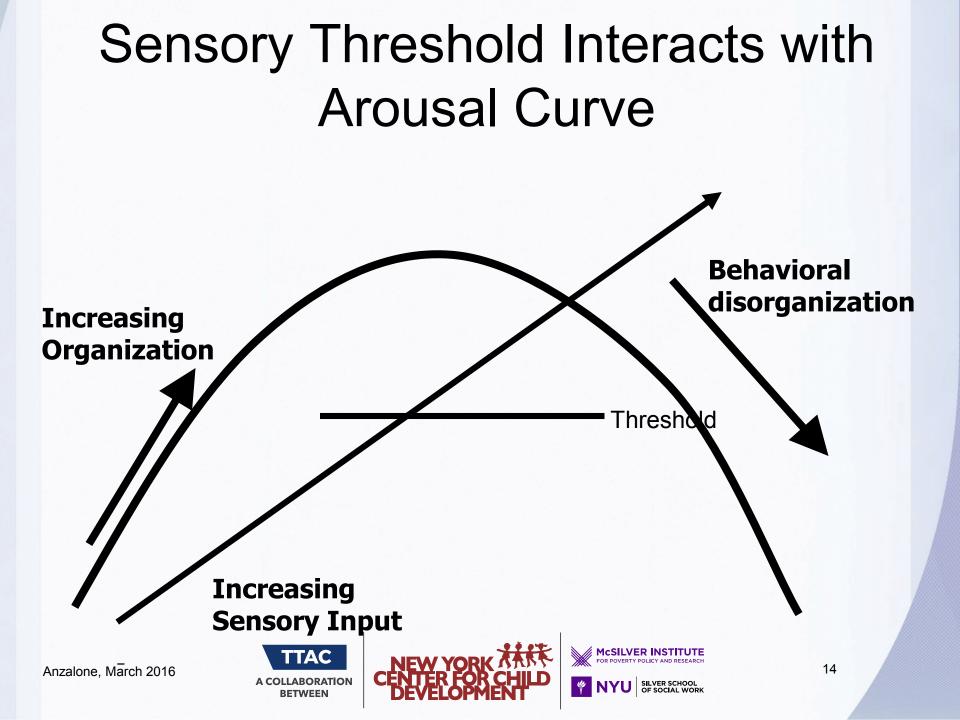
# Sensory Threshold

- Think about it as a central process (not specific to each modality)
- Sensation is summed (accumulation over time)
- Rate, intensity, and recovery
- Inconsistency is expected (and can help us)
- Interacts with arousal curve and arousability to produce modulation









# Sensory Threshold

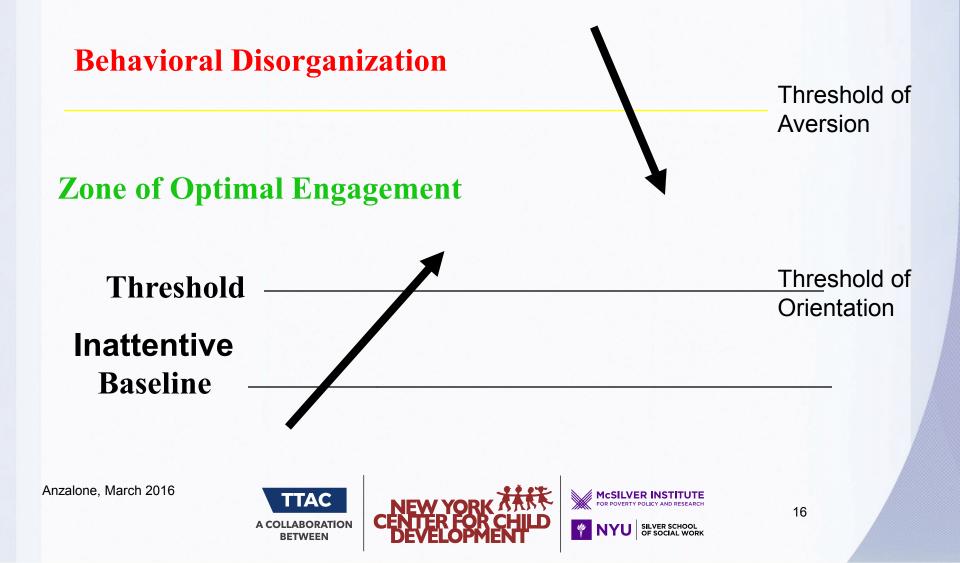
Sensitivity)	LOW (Increased Sensitivity)	HIGH (Decreased
Acts in accordance with threshold	Hyperreactive (SOR)	Hyporeactive (SUR)
Attempts to compensate threshold	Sensory Avoider	Sensory Seeker (SS)

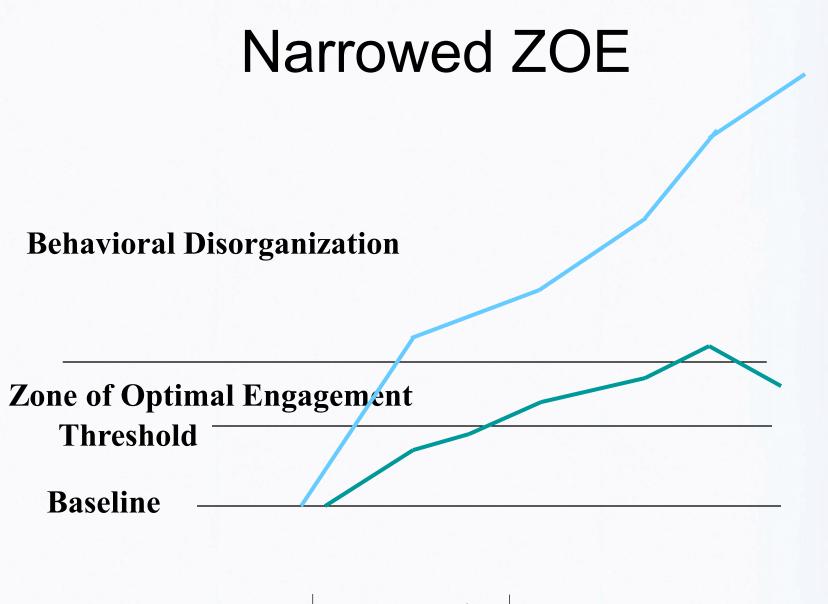
(Modified from W. Dunn, Ph.D., OTR; Department of Occupational Therapy; University of Kansas Medical Center)





# Zone of Optimal Engagement





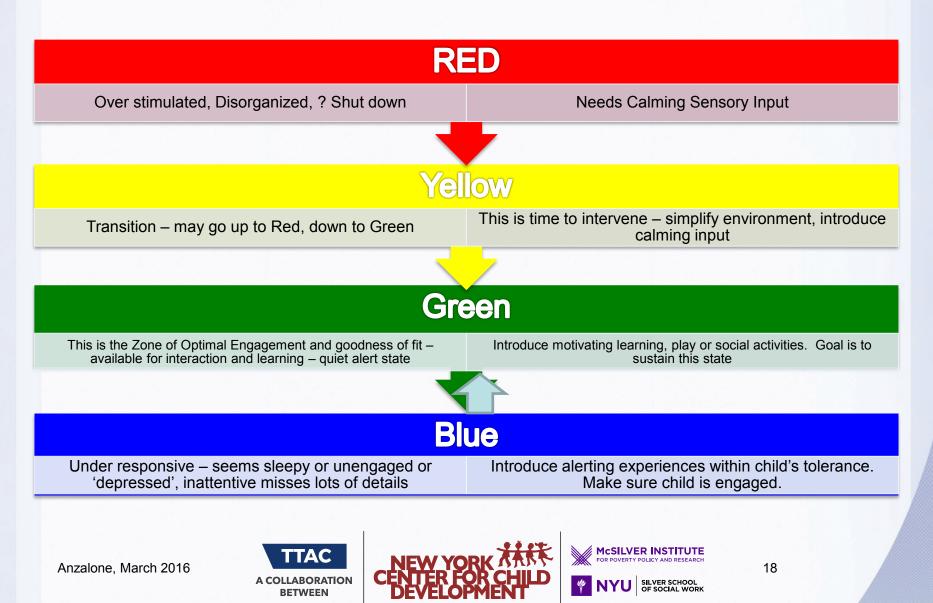
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OR POVERTY POLICY

# **Zones from a Sensory Perspective**



# Andre

- Just turned 2
- Language delay
- Hypotonia, DD
- Postural issues
- Hand looking/flapping
- Disengaged
- SI dx: ?







# Milton

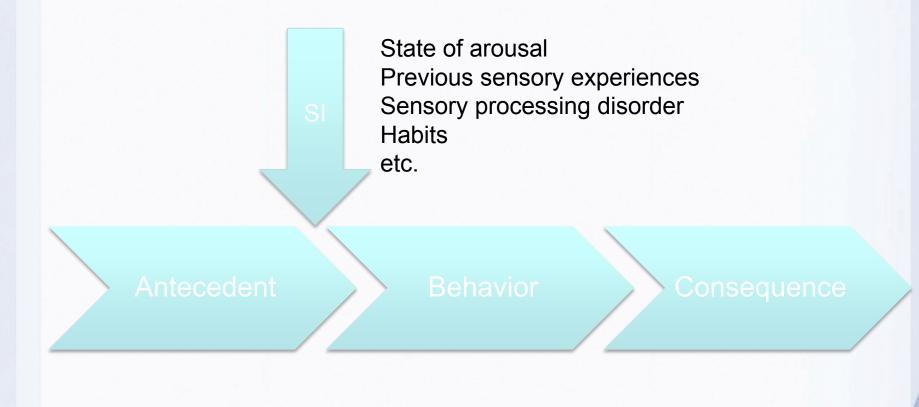
- 2 years old
- Autism
- Initially fearful
  - Expressed as head banging on floor
- Very active (? Reactive)
- Feeding Problems (OM, Pickiness)
- Lots of itching and scratching
- Global DD (Strength GM)
- SI Dx: SOR Mo reports 'calmer after OT)







# So how can we use SI to deal with Behavioral Challenges?









# So what can we do about SMD?

#### Helping Families Understand

Facilitate Goodnessof-Fit

OT

- Demystifying behavior
- Individualized
- Begin to anticipate

- Sensory Diet
- Goodness of Fit is in the service of developmental goals
- Environmental Modifications
- Managing SPD
- Individualized
- Sensory and Play Based
- Treatment Within the context of relationship
  - Changing SPD





# So what can we do about SMD?

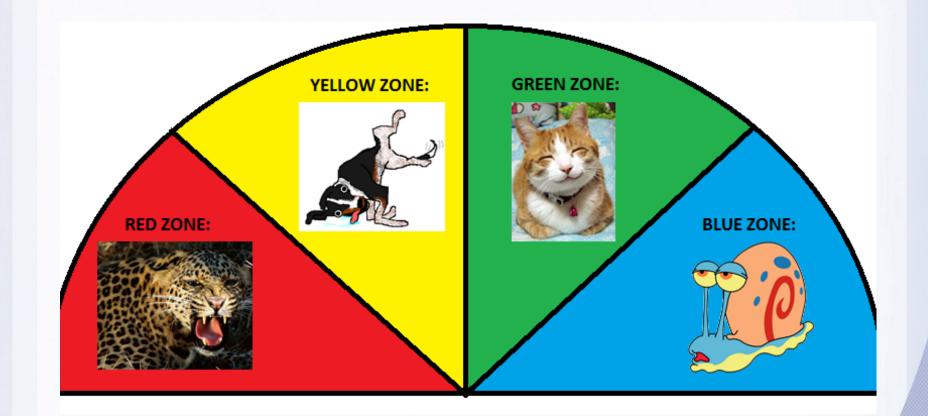
- Act PROACTIVELY and REFLECTIVELY
- Modify Environment and ask about current state
- Prepare the CNS based on current needs
  – Goodness of Fit
  - Understand regulatory function of stereotypies
  - Sensory prep activities
  - Breaks cool down space/time
- Look for cues
  - Milton: Eyes
  - Andre: escape
  - Walter: Scream/head banging
  - Fisher: Twirling
  - Christine: Scream, escape, throw,







## Assess current status – it is changeable









# **Understand Stereotypies**

- ? Regulator Function
- ? Communicative Function
- Habit
- Carr (Functional Communication)
- If you are not getting at the root cause mole behavior







# **Based on Current**

### assessment...

- Up or Down Regulate -- sometimes alternating depending on response
- NOT a static "Sensory Diet"
- UP regulate
  - Arousing activities
  - But not over stimulating
- DOWN regulate
  - Calming and or organizing inputs
  - Make sure input is USED







# Sensory Input can help Up or Down Regulate

To Organize or Calm	Modality	To Alert
Dim natural light	Visual	Strobe
Rhythmic	Auditory	Dissonant/loud
"Heavy Work"	Proprioception	"heavy work"
Slow Rocking	Vestibular	Spinning
Pressure Touch	Touch	Light Touch
Sucking, chewing	Oral or Taste	Crunchy, sour
Deep, slow, count	Breathing	Blow, suck
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# When to Refer to Occupational Therapist

- If there is an OT on your team, refer for assessment and consultation
- Best to integrate understanding of sensory needs throughout day
- Some children need more intensive individualized intervention
  - When significant social emotional "cost' to child
  - When embedded strategies are not working or are disruptive to class or home
  - When increasing disruptive behaviors
  - When SPD is disrupting developmental skill acquisition
  - If child has dyspraxia (this usually requires direct intervention)

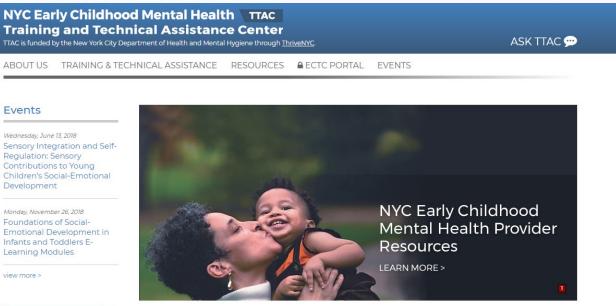




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#### **TTACNY.org** ttac.info@nyu.edu





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